IEEE Transactions on Intelligent Transportation Systems

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Special Issue on Deep Learning Models for Safe and Secure Intelligent Transportation Systems

MOTIVATION AND SCOPE

Autonomous vehicular technology is approaching a level of maturity that gives confidence to the end users in many cities around the world for their usage so as to share the roads with manual vehicles. Autonomous and manual vehicles have different capabilities which may result in surprising safety, security and resilience impacts when mixed together as a part of Intelligent Transportation System (ITS). For example, autonomous vehicles are able to communicate electronically with one another, make fast decisions and associated actuation, and generally act deterministically. In contrast, manual vehicles cannot communicate electronically, are limited by the capabilities and slow reaction of human drivers, and may show some uncertainty and even irrationality in behavior due to the involvement of human. At the same time, humans can react properly to more complex situations than autonomous vehicles. Unlike manual vehicles, the security of computing and communications of autonomous vehicles can be compromised thereby precluding them from achieving individual or group goals. Given the expected mixture of autonomous and manual vehicles that is expected to persist for many decades, safety and security issues for a mixture of autonomous and manual vehicles are crucial to investigate before autonomous vehicles enter our roadways in numbers. To improve the safety and security of the transportation system, the artificial intelligence (AI) based techniques and deep learning models have extensively been applied to data-driven ITS model. Despite the pioneering works on the integration of ITS data with deep learning techniques, such techniques still require more accurate perception since the false positives generated during the execution of the algorithms can perturb the utility real-time data analytics particularly for safety applications in ITS. More importantly, the recent breakthrough in generative adversarial networks in machine learning better demonstrates the criticality of the safety problems in ITS in the presence of advanced persistent threats as that adversarial models can be generated at an accelerating pace. Therefore, it is crucial to understand how both types of vehicles will fare in terms of safety (avoidance of dangerous situations), performance (acceptable delays and throughput), and resilience (fast recovery from dangerous situations) under a variety of uncertain situations without and with attacks on autonomous vehicle communications in the presence of hidden adversaries who exploit machine learning security loop holes. Despite the existing research on cyber-attacks on the functions of individual vehicles, the focus on the interplay of different types of vehicles under the influence of cyber-adversaries is missing. To address the above-mentioned challenges, there is a need for new algorithmic developments beyond traditional topics in big data, deep neural networks, and cyber security. The aim of this special issue is to provide a multi-aspect up-to-date reference for theoretical development of deep learning models and techniques for improving security and safety in ITS.
LIST OF TOPICS: Topics of interest to this special issue include, but are not limited to:

1. Deep learning based security, integrity and privacy solutions for ITS.
2. Deep learning based energy-aware traffic management solutions
3. Deep learning based 5G communication for ITS
4. Deep learning based physical layer design techniques for autonomous vehicles
5. Deep learning based object detection for autonomous vehicles
6. Deep learning based SDN-enabled network management for ITS
7. Deep learning based intrusion detection/prevention techniques
8. Low power based deep learning techniques for autonomous vehicles
9. Trusted machine/deep learning for ITS
10. Security hardening of ITS
11. Artificial intelligence for the integration of communications and sensing in ITS
12. Deep learning models for trusted ITS
13. Artificial intelligence safety for ITS
14. Explainable artificial intelligence for ITS
15. Explainable decision making for autonomous vehicles operating in uncertain and evolving environments
16. Optimizing safety and security of ITS using Artificial intelligence
17. Deep learning models for resilient ITS
18. Innovative deep learning techniques for attacks detection, prevention, and mitigation in ITS
19. Nature-inspired artificial intelligence for ITS

PAPER SUBMISSION GUIDELINES

Paper submission should conform to the information for authors available at https://mc.manuscriptcentral.com/t-its.

IMPORTANT DATES

First submission deadline: May 30, 2020
Notification of first decision: August 30, 2020
First revision submission deadline: October 30, 2020
Notification of final decision: February 30, 2021
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SUBMISSION AND REVIEW OF PAPERS

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